## Reducing COVID-19 Revisits



## Interventions for decreasing preventable hospital revisits of patients with COVID-19

A study from the November
2021 issue of *The Joint*Commission Journal on Quality
and Patient Safety (JQPS)
shows that roughly a quarter
of hospital revisits of patients
with COVID-19 were preventable
within 30 days of discharge.
The study examines these
revisits to identify common
contributing factors and
suggests interventions designed
to help decrease future revisits.

13.2% of COVID-19
hospitalizations resulted in a 30-day revisit.

26.3%
PREVENTABLE

More than a quarter of these revisits were potentially preventable.

factors contributing to preventable revisits: **Inappropriate** choice Patient/caregiver of discharge misunderstanding **location** 25% of the discharge medication Inadequate treatment of **Discharge** medical conditions without needed **15**% procedure 15% **Patient** discharged too soon 15% **Improved self-management at discharge may have** Top 3 prevented revisit in 65% of cases. interventions Multidisciplinary care team should ensure patient and caregiver(s) understand and can follow through identified with discharge plan. that may have prevented **Improved clarity, timeliness, or availability** hospital revisits: of information provided at discharge may have prevented revisit in 45% of cases. Timely and accurate communication with postdischarge providers, including the primary care provider and

Interdisciplinary guidelines for discharging patients with COVID-19 can improve self-management planning and more. Potential interventions include:

instructions.



Schedule video conference calls between care team, patient, and caregivers to enhance education around discharge plan and enable caregivers to voice concerns and flag new issues.



Standardize
workflow
for discharge
medication
prescribing,
education, and
bedside delivery.



medical team at postdischarge facility, is essential.

**More complete communication of information** 

Provide high-quality, comprehensive discharge documentation, including summary and patient

may have prevented revisit in 35% of cases.

Create a checklist of topics to address on interdisciplinary rounds to ensure patient has adequate access to resources in case of self-isolation.



Increase attention to chronic disease management during hospitalization and after discharge for patients with COVID-19.



This study suggests that although most revisits were not preventable, there were several key opportunities for reducing hospital revisits for patients with COVID-19. The lessons could be applied to help prevent

revisits in the future, in both pandemic and nonpandemic conditions.

To learn more about this study, visit:

https://www.jointcommissionjournal.com/article/S1553-7250(21)00213-0/fulltext